

**Algebraic Geometry I**  
**Exercise Sheet 5**

**Exercise 1:**

Let  $I$  be a directed poset. Let  $J \subseteq I$  be a *cofinal* subset, i.e., for all  $i \in I$  there exists  $j \in J$  with  $j \geq i$ . Give  $J$  the induced partial order. Let  $(X_i)_{i \in I}$  be a direct system indexed by  $I$  (in some category  $\mathcal{C}$ ). By restriction, we then regard  $(X_j)_{j \in J}$  as a direct system indexed by  $J$ . Prove that the structure maps  $X_j \rightarrow \varinjlim_{i \in I} X_i$  for  $j \in J$  give rise to an isomorphism

$$\varinjlim_{j \in J} X_j \xrightarrow{\sim} \varinjlim_{i \in I} X_i.$$

**Exercise 2:**

Let  $X$  be a topological space and let  $\mathcal{B}$  be a basis of the topology of  $X$ . Let  $\text{Sh}_{\mathcal{B}}(X)$  be the category of sheaves on the basis  $\mathcal{B}$  as defined in the lecture. Prove that the functors

$$(-)_{|\mathcal{B}^{\text{op}}} : \text{Sh}(X) \rightarrow \text{Sh}_{\mathcal{B}}(X), \quad (\mathcal{F} : \text{Ouv}(X)^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Set}) \mapsto (\mathcal{F}_{|\mathcal{B}^{\text{op}}} : \mathcal{B}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Set})$$

and

$$(-)^{e\mathcal{B}} : \text{Sh}_{\mathcal{B}}(X) \rightarrow \text{Sh}(X), \quad \mathcal{F} \mapsto (U \mapsto \varinjlim_{V \subseteq U, V \in \mathcal{B}} \mathcal{F}(V))$$

are inverse equivalences of categories. (I.e., the two round-trip composite functors are naturally isomorphic to the identities.) Prove that  $\mathcal{F}^{e\mathcal{B}}$  (not a standard notation) is the unique sheaf such that  $(\mathcal{F}^{e\mathcal{B}})_{|\mathcal{B}^{\text{op}}}$  is isomorphic to  $\mathcal{F}$ .

**Exercise 3:**

Let  $A$  be a ring,  $X := \text{Spec}(A)$  and let  $M$  be an  $A$ -module. Show that the assignment

$$D(f) \mapsto M[f^{-1}]$$

defines a sheaf of abelian groups on the basis  $\mathcal{B} := \{D(f) \subseteq X \mid f \in A\}$  of  $X$ .

*Hint: Follow the proof for  $M = A$  which was presented in the lecture.*

**Exercise 4:**

Give an example of a topological space  $X$ , a surjective map  $\mathcal{F} \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$  of sheaves on  $X$ , and an open  $U \subseteq X$  where the map  $\mathcal{F}(U) \rightarrow \mathcal{G}(U)$  is not surjective.